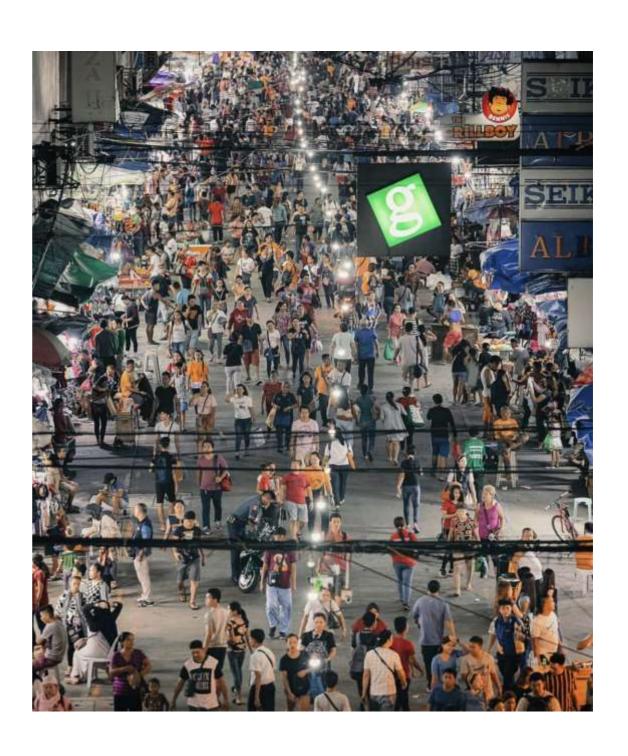




what is a street?

- a place for vehicles to drive on when moving from one place to another....
- or an urban space through which people experience a city?

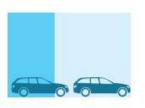


- public health and safety
- quality of life
- environmental sustainability
- economic sustainability
- social equity



The proposed target for public space is **45% of land** should be allocated to streets and public space

- This can be broken down into 30% streets and sidewalks and 15% open spaces, green spaces, and public facilities
- The target for street connectivity is between 80-120 intersections per square kilometer.
- Optimal level of 100 intersections per square kilometer with each street having an average width of 15 meters



Private Motor Vehicles 600-1,600/hour



Mixed Traffic With Frequent Buses 1,000–2,800/hour



Two-way Protected Bikeway 6,500–7,500/hour



Dedicated Transit Lanes 4,000-8,000/hour

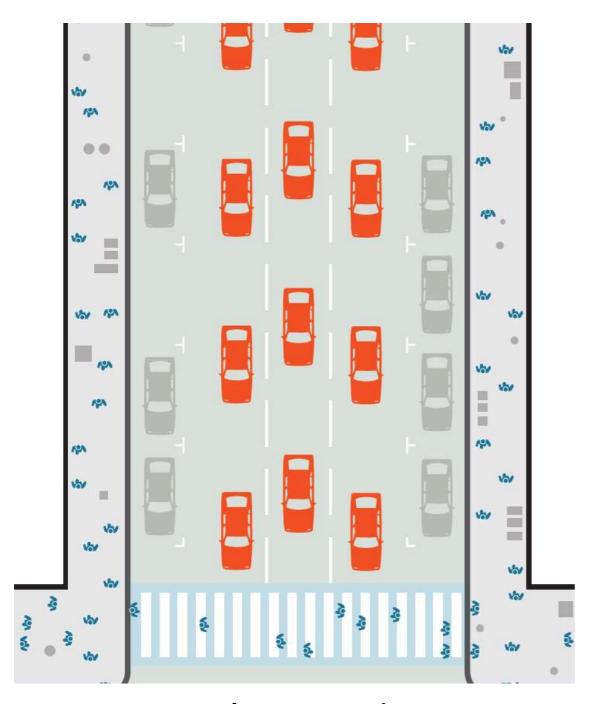




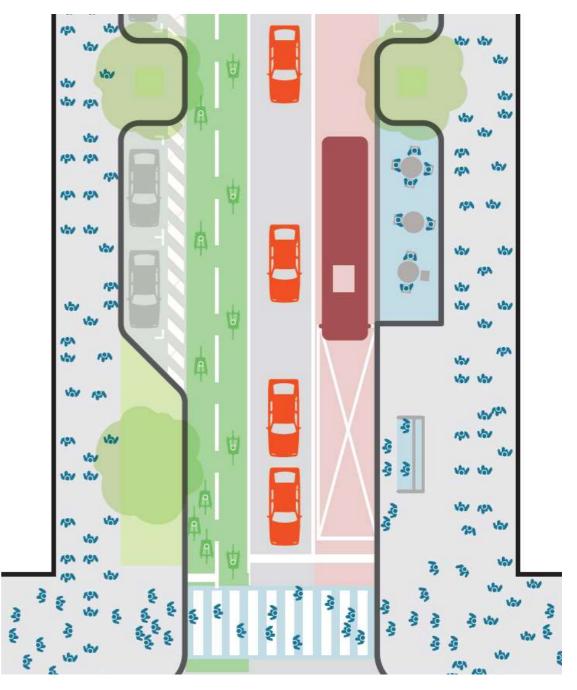
On-street Transitway, Bus Or Rail 10,000–25,000/hour

People capacity of different modes.

The illustration shows the hourly capacity of a 3 m-wide lane (or equivalent width) by different modes at peak conditions with normal operations.² Ranges relate to the type of vehicles, traffic signal timing, operation, and average occupancy.



total capacity: 12,300 people/hour



total capacity: 30,100 people/hour

